

**THE MOST MISUNDERSTOOD AND MISUSED
VERSES FROM SCRIPTURE - Part VI**
Reference: **I Corinthians 10:5-13**
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Reference: I Corinthians 10:13, “No temptation has overtaken you except such as is common to man; but God is faithful, who will not allow you to be tempted beyond what you are able, but with the temptation will also make the way of escape, that you may be able to bear it.”

This word temptation is translated from the Greek word “peirasmos.” That word has multiple meanings. *Peirasmos* can mean _____ and that same word can also mean a _____ to commit sin.

Question: Which meaning did the author, Paul, have in mind in using this word temptation? Is it a reference to all the troubles and tough times we experience or is it addressing the temptation and enticement to commit sin?

It cannot be both because that would constitute a particular exegetical fallacy Dr. D.A. Carson calls “*illegitimate totality transfer*” i.e. the attempt to read every possible meaning of a word into just a single usage of that word.

Definition: *Illegitimate totality transfer* means to illegitimately and wrongly transfer a word’s **total possible** _____, with all its variations and nuances, and forcing those all into a particular context.

In **verse thirteen** this word temptation can mean trouble or it can mean a temptation, an enticement and solicitation to commit sin; but, it cannot mean both things in this one verse.

The point is to determine what the author (Paul) meant to communicate through the word he used in this specific context.

Read **verses five** through **twelve**

Four sins that characterized the Israelites during the wilderness wanderings:

- _____ - **verse seven**
- _____ - immorality **verse eight**
- _____ - God’s patience **verse nine**
- _____ - **verse ten**

The entire context would indicate that Paul is addressing sin and using this Greek word translated as “*temptation*” to mean a *temptation* and an *enticement to commit sin* and not troubles per se.

Notice some things about the temptation mentioned in this verse:

ONE is that temptation is _____ to us.

Notice “*No temptation has overtaken you except **such as is common to man...***”

TWO is that temptation has its _____.

Notice “*...but God is faithful, **who will not allow you to be tempted above what you are able...***”

God does sometimes give us more trouble and tough times than we can handle but He never gives us more than _____.

THREE is that God provides an _____ from temptation.

Reference: **I Corinthians 10:13**, “*No temptation has overtaken you ...but (God) with the temptation will also **make the way of escape** that you may be able to bear it.*”

- _____ to avoid temptation
Reference: **Matthew 6:13; Mark 14:38** (see screen)
- use appropriate _____
Reference: **Matthew 4:1-11**
Reference: **Psalms 119:11**(see screen)
- _____ potential temptation and _____ ourselves from that possible temptation
Reference: **I Corinthians 6:18; 10:14; II Timothy 2:22** (see screen)
- consider the long term _____
Reference: **Galatians 6:7** (see screen)
- be _____ to someone
Reference: **Proverbs 27:17; James 5:16a** (see screen)